Annual Improvements to SLFRS_s 2017

Amendments to SLFRS 3 Business Combinations

Paragraphs 42A and 64O are added.

Additional guidance for applying the acquisition method to particular types of business combinations

A business combination achieved in stages

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When a party to a joint arrangement (as defined in SLFRS 11 *Joint Arrangements*) obtains control of a business that is a joint operation (as defined in SLFRS 11), and had rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities relating to that joint operation immediately before the acquisition date, the transaction is a business combination achieved in stages. The acquirer shall therefore apply the requirements for a business combination achieved in stages, including remeasuring its previously held interest in the joint operation in the manner described in paragraph 42. In doing so, the acquirer shall remeasure its entire previously held interest in the joint operation.

Effective date and transition

Effective date

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Annual Improvements to SLFRSs 2017, issued in March 2018, added paragraph 42A. An entity shall apply those amendments to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 January 2019. Earlier application is permitted. If an entity applies those amendments earlier, it shall disclose that fact.

Amendments to SLFRS 11 Joint Arrangements

Paragraph B33CA and paragraph C1AB are added.

Accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint operations

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B33CA A party that participates in, but does not have joint control of, a joint operation might obtain joint control of the joint operation in which the activity of the joint operation constitutes a business as defined in SLFRS 3. In such cases, previously held interests in the joint operation are not remeasured.

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Effective date

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C1AB Annual Improvements to SLFRSs 2017, issued in March 2018, added paragraph B33CA. An entity shall apply those amendments to transactions in which it obtains joint control on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 January 2019. Earlier application is permitted. If an entity applies those amendments earlier, it shall disclose that fact.

Amendments to LKAS 12 Income Taxes

Paragraphs 57A and 98I are added, the heading of the example below paragraph 52B is amended and paragraph 52B is deleted. New text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

Measurement

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52B [Deleted] In the circumstances described in paragraph 52A, the income tax consequences of dividends are recognised when a liability to pay the dividend is recognised. The income tax consequences of dividends are more directly linked to past transactions or events than to distributions to owners. Therefore, the income tax consequences of dividends are recognised in profit or loss for the period as required by paragraph 58 except to the extent that the income tax consequences of dividends arise from the circumstances described in paragraph 58(a) and (b).

Example illustrating paragraphs 52A and 52B57A

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Recognition of current and deferred tax

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An entity shall recognise the income tax consequences of dividends as defined in SLFRS 9 when it recognises a liability to pay a dividend. The income tax consequences of dividends are linked more directly to past transactions or events that generated distributable profits than to distributions to owners. Therefore, an entity shall recognise the income tax consequences of dividends in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity according to where the entity originally recognised those past transactions or events.

Effective date

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Annual Improvements to SLFRSs 2017, issued in March 2018, added paragraph 57A and deleted paragraph 52B. An entity shall apply those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. Earlier application is permitted. If an entity applies those amendments earlier, it shall disclose that fact. When an entity first applies those amendments, it shall apply them to the income tax consequences of dividends recognised on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period.

Amendments to LKAS 23 Borrowing Costs

Paragraph 14 is amended, and paragraphs 28A and 29D are added. Deleted text is struck through and new text is underlined.

Recognition

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Borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation

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To the extent that an entity borrows funds generally and uses them for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the entity shall determine the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate shall be the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the all borrowings of the entity that are outstanding during the period. other than borrowings However, an entity shall exclude from this calculation borrowing costs applicable to borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset until substantially all the activities necessary to prepare that asset for its intended use or sale are complete. The amount of borrowing costs that an entity capitalises during a period shall not exceed the amount of borrowing costs it incurred during that period.

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Transitional provisions

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28A Annual Improvements to SLFRSs 2017, issued in March 2018, amended paragraph 14. An entity shall apply those amendments to borrowing costs incurred on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies those amendments.

Effective date

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Annual Improvements to SLFRSs 2017, issued in March 2018, amended paragraph 14 and added paragraph 28A. An entity shall apply those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. Earlier application is permitted. If an entity applies those amendments earlier, it shall disclose that fact.